

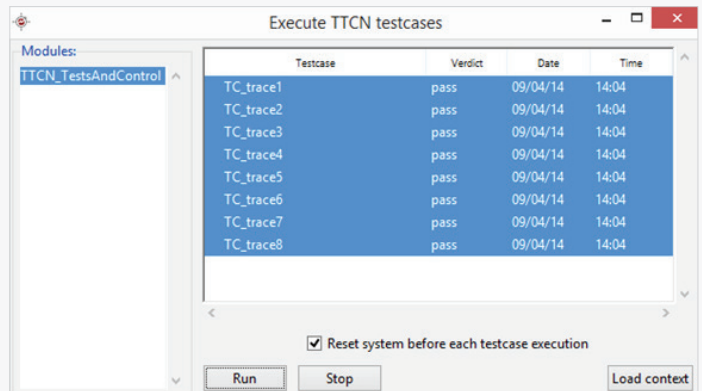
# PRAGMAlist

An integrated tool for modeling and optimized test generation driven by ✓ coverage and ✓ properties

## Integrated solution

PragmaDev and CEA LIST join forces to offer an integrated solution to address two challenges: modeling and validation.

- 1 The integration of both technologies provides a **user friendly** way to describe the system architecture and functions.
- 2 Once the system is fully described, **validation options** are configured to define a set of objectives.
- 3 These objectives may be **structural covers**, as **transition cover**, or more sophisticated ones, as condition/decision or to target one or more elements of the model defined by the user.
- 4 Then the **minimum number of test cases** corresponding to these objectives are generated and can be played on a real implementation of the system. Moreover the generated test cases may be filtered by properties defined by the user.



Testcase	Verdict	Date	Time
TC_trace1	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace2	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace3	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace4	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace5	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace6	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace7	pass	09/04/14	14:04
TC_trace8	pass	09/04/14	14:04

Generated test cases

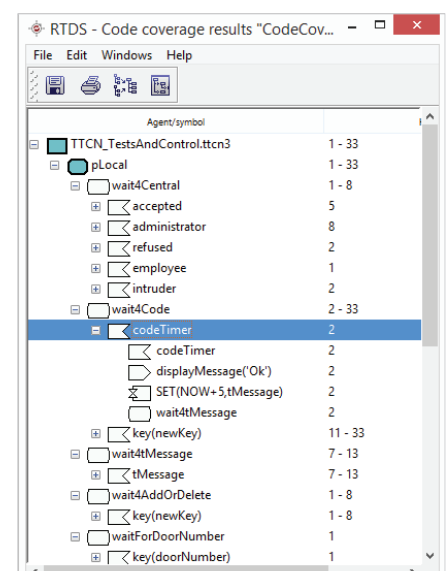
## Pragmatic approach

Dedicated to modeling and testing technologies, PragmaDev has spent 13 years developing its Real Time Developer Studio [RTDS] tool with industrial users. **Built on a bottom up approach, the solution has moved up the V cycle from code to executable models and test cases.** As a result of this pragmatic approach, today when taking a plane, driving a car, or giving a phone call, there is quite a chance PragmaDev has been involved in the design.

### ■ Executable models

PragmaDev tools are exclusively based on recognized international standards. Easy to take in hand, the system is organized with graphical elements and an action language is integrated for a precise description of the system behavior.

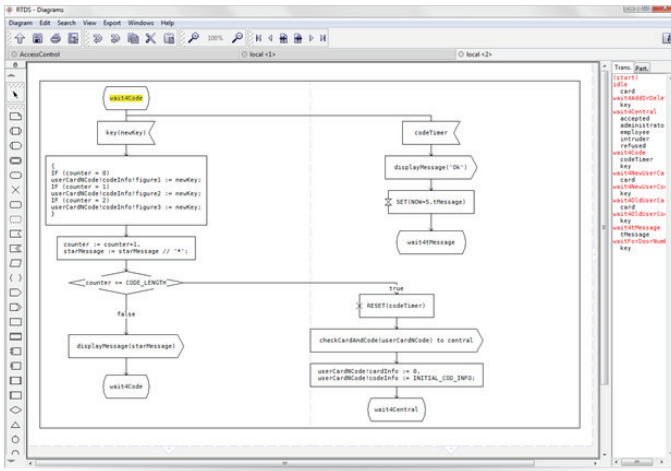
The model correctness is verified with the built-in simulator. Interactive or automatic execution of the model with graphical traces and access to all internal information in the system is made to ensure the description is correct.



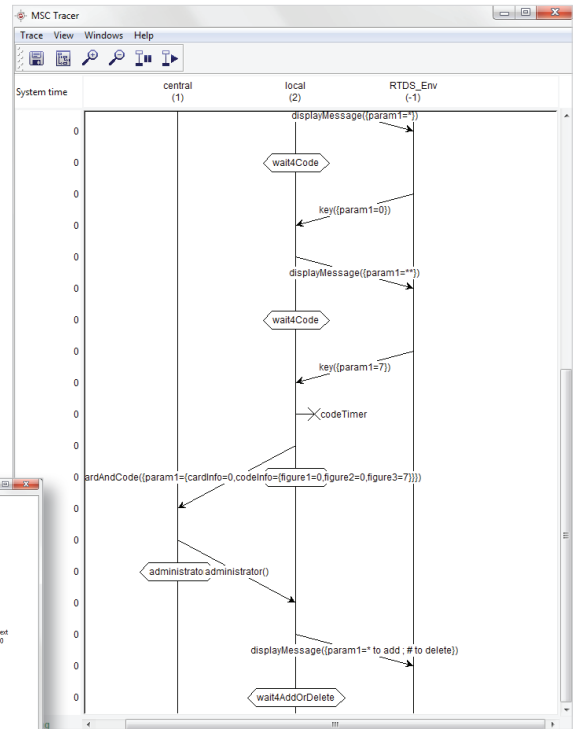
Agent/symbol	Line	Count
TTCN_TestsAndControl.ttcn3	1 - 33	
pLocal	1 - 33	
wait4Central	1 - 8	
accepted	5	
administrator	8	
refused	2	
employee	1	
intruder	2	
wait4Code	2 - 33	
codeTimer	2	
codeTimer	2	
displayMessage('Ok')	2	
SET(NOW+5,tMessage)	2	
wait4tMessage	2	
key(newKey)	11 - 33	
wait4tMessage	7 - 13	
tMessage	7 - 13	
wait4AddOrDelete	1 - 8	
key(newKey)	1 - 8	
waitForDoorNumber	1	
key(doorNumber)	1	

Graphical view of the coverage

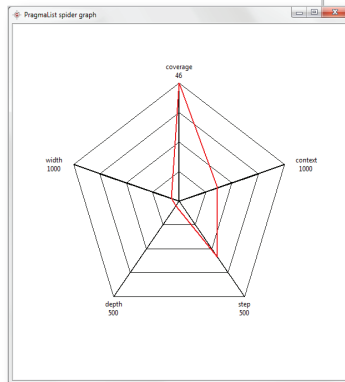
# Model Based Testing unique symbolic engine



Detailed model behavior



Graphical execution traces



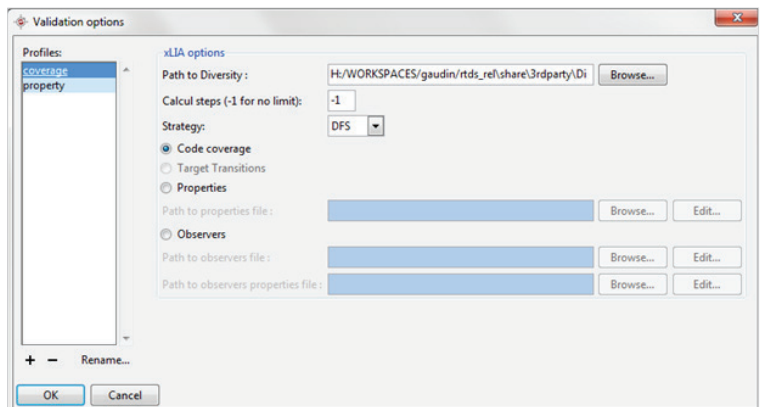
Spider graph to view analysis progress

Automatic documentation generation helps communication among the different stakeholders and integration with third party tool gives access to traceability and version management features.

## Diversity

The Diversity tool developed by the CEA LIST is a validation and verification platform based on model analysis. Models may be described with the help of dataflow languages as well as stateflow-type languages describing potentially concurrent and communicating automata.

On the one hand, Diversity can generate simulation scenarios to validate the input model. These scenarios can optionally be used by a simulator associated with the modeling environment like the one in RTDS. On the other hand, Diversity can generate test cases from the same model to be used to verify the compliance of the implementation [or SUT for System Under Test] with the model.



Verification profiles

For both uses, the Diversity process consists in three steps. First, the input model is analyzed and translated into a Diversity's internal representation, called XLIA. Second, an exhaustive symbolic exploration of nominal behaviors is performed [symbolic, in order to avoid numerical combinatorial explosion]. This symbolic execution can highlight application-independent unexpected behaviours such as deadlocks or over-designing [parts of model never activated]. Moreover, in order to guarantee termination or to limit the number of generated test cases, several basic structural criteria may be used during the symbolic execution. Third, Diversity associates each selected behavior with one [or more] numerical test case.

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